| 1 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
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| 2 | EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA *********************************** | |
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| 4 | IN RE: FEMA TRAILER FORMALDEHYDE PRODUCTS | Docket No. MDL-1873(N) |
| 5 | LIABILITY LITIGATION | New Orleans, Louisiana Friday, July 17, 2009 |
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| 7 | TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONE CONFERENCE | |
| 8 | HEARD BEFORE THE HONORABLE KURT D. ENGELHARDT UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE | |
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| 10 | APPEARANCES: | |
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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (FRIDAY, JULY 17, 2009) 08:46:46 3 (TELEPHONE CONFERENCE) 18:46:46 4 THE COURT: Hello. Good morning. Who all do we have on L2:11:37 5 12:11:41 6 the line? Let's do a quick role call. MR. WOODS: Justin Woods. 12:12:06 7 MR. MILLER: Henry Miller and Jonathan Waldron. 12:12:19 8 MR. GEIGER: Ernie Geiger and Carson Strickland for L2:12:34 9 Forest River. 12:12:44 10 12:12:47 11 MR. KURTZ: David Kurtz and Karen Whitfield for Shaw. 12:12:53 12 THE COURT: Anybody else? 12:12:58 13 MR. D'AMICO: Frank D'Amico and Aaron Ahlquist on behalf of Lyndon Wright. 12:13:05 14 12:13:13 15 THE COURT: Anybody else? All right. And on my end here I have the court reporter, Karen, and my law clerk Amanda. 12:13:24 16 12:13:35 17 We have pending this motion to amend the complaint with 12:13:39 18 regard to the, I think it's the third bellwether, Lyndon T. Wright 12:13:53 19 v. Forest River, Inc., 09-2977. This was a motion for leave to 12:14:04 20 file first supplemental and amended complaint and in it, as I 12:14:11 21 understand the briefing and the complaint itself, there is some 12:14:17 22 allegations regarding injury to the plaintiff caused by mold and 12:14:31 23 inhalation of substances that are mold related, as opposed to inhalation or exposure to formaldehyde. Am I correct in that? 12:15:31 24 12:15:40 25 MR. D'AMICO: This is Frank D'Amico, may I address the

court on that issue?

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THE COURT: Just tell me if that's the intent of the complaint, that's what it seems to say. Is that not correct?

MR. D'AMICO: Yes. Can I tell you why we made those allegations?

THE COURT: Not yet.

MR. D'AMICO: Okay.

THE COURT: Let me tell you the problem with that is that this case is called in re: FEMA Trailer Formaldehyde Products

Liability Litigation. The MDL was designed to handle common allegations from several districts relative to formaldehyde exposure. I have set five bellwether trials so that we can get results which can be -- from which we can broadly extrapolate some prediction or prophecy or general notion of how the vast majority of these cases are going to be determined, if all of them were tried separately. My concern is that --

And by the way, out of the five we have picked, this is the first and only case where mold exposure as a component claim for compensation has been made. My understanding of the expert reports was that mold was found in some of the subject trailers was simply evidence of moisture which contributed to the amount of formaldehyde in the air which the plaintiff or the various plaintiffs would have been exposed to, but not a cause of the injury itself.

So I am very concerned about injecting an entirely new

claim for injury based on mold exposure, which is directed against one defendant, in this case Shaw. I don't think that result tells us anything about how the MDL can be resolved. If it is to be resolved, in this venue. Certainly that claim, if it's intended to be asserted and certainly if Mr. Wright believes that's the cause of his injury, that case can be tried when all of these cases are broken up and sent back out of the MDL and that would be my intent.

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, can I address it now?

THE COURT: Go ahead.

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MR. D'AMICO: You may have read our brief which we've outlined the CDC findings. In that the CDC found that 21 percent of all trailers they tested had mold, significant amounts of mold. You may have also looked at a document that FEMA circulated to all of the housing residents warning them of the confounding factors and what to do about mold in their trailers. And what they state in that warning is that the symptoms may not last when you're away from your home but reappear, they reappear, the indoor pollutants that may include formaldehyde or other pollutants consisting of dust, mold and smoke. Those factors have been well-known to the government and scientific community for years.

This is a formaldehyde case but as a defendant Forest River has pointed out in its opposition to our supplemental and amended petition, they intend to pursue the issue of mold and smoking in the Lyndon Wright case as confounding factors that may have affected his health. And because of that factor --

Look, the plaintiffs have tried every way possible not to talk about mold. We don't want to have to talk about the smoking 12:24:27 2 or dust or mold and we would like the court to keep all of those 3 factors out and just try bellwether plaintiffs that are purely 4 formaldehyde cases, but your Honor hasn't done that. Your Honor did not exclude cases where smokers were involved and your Honor 12:25:17 6 12:25:22 7 has not excluded cases where mold may be involved, and I think for good reason. Because in this case, in this MDL we know from the 12:25:28 8 CDC at least --12:25:45 9

> THE COURT: It's never been raised that mold was involved. It's never been raised on any of the bellwether selections that I have made that, well, Judge, this case has the coinciding factors of formaldehyde and mold. That was not a criteria for picking. It was raised that this person's a smoker, that one is not, and that would be, of course, something that the defendants would not be held responsible for if a smoker, if plaintiff's health was affected by a history of smoking.

But it was not part of the bellwether criteria that, well, this case contains a claim for mold exposure.

Go ahead, I'm sorry to interrupt you, but go ahead.

MR. D'AMICO: Well, Judge, we did not get to select who the plaintiffs would be, unfortunately.

THE COURT: Wait, wait. That's news to me.

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, we would like to have had a criteria where we had certain statistical analysis and we could look at the

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THE COURT: Justin, do you want to step in here? How did we wind up with Mr. Wright? That brings me to the point of my e-mail, maybe we need somebody else.

MR. WOODS: I am not certain that we knew at the time that we came to agreement on Lyndon Wright that we knew that mold would be an issue in his claim. I believe that that occurred, Frank, please correct me if I'm wrong, I believe that came about --

MR. D'AMICO: After he was selected sometime in May.

MR. WOODS: After he was selected.

MR. D'AMICO: He was selected on April 8th, we met with him, reviewed his case, went over facts, and the defendants point out it's not stated in his plaintiff fact sheet, mold is not stated in the plaintiff fact sheet so we didn't have any notice.

THE COURT: I saw that, I asked for that and it's not stated.

MR. D'AMICO: But I don't think there is a line on there or anything that would require him to say that. But I asked for the fact sheet for that reason, not that he was trying to hide it.

THE COURT: I understand your point.

MR. D'AMICO: We didn't find out until after he was selected. Now faced with the fact that he is selected and the defendants certainly have stated to you that they want to go into the mold and the smoking, how do we allow the defendants to raise

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it as a confounding factor and the plaintiffs aren't allowed then to speak and find out in fact it is causes of his injuries?

THE COURT: That's a good question and we're going to get them to answer that as soon as you're finished.

MR. D'AMICO: That's the point. I don't think it's disrupting your orderly fashion of handling this MDL if we do kick out the mold case. My statistical analysis showed that about 15 to 20,000 of the known plaintiffs will have mold in their trials, so do we want to exclude 15 to 20,000 of this potential pool of plaintiffs and just kick them to the rear and cash them out?

I don't think that helps the court do what you've stated you want to do on this call, so to try to get some guidance and try to bring resolution to the whole case the problem is that we -- the problem isn't the claim or the group of people who have a mold exposure that they believe supports an award of damages, the problem is that it is one of the bellwethers that is going to be fast approaching in the coming months, I think this one is set for December, that's the problem.

involves a mold claim in order so that we can get a representative sample, we can try Mr. Wright's case, but it was not designed to be one of the first of the bellwethers. So maybe we need to put Mr. Wright on ice and go ahead and pick another one to try in December and try a mold case. The problem is we've got deadlines that have already come and we haven't heard from the defense yet,

1 but I sure hope that when they're allowed to speak they're not L2:36:53 going to say, yeah, we intend to bring out that his injuries were L2:37:02 2 not the cause of formaldehyde, they were caused by mold. Because L2:37:26 3 12:37:31 4 if they are arguing that then they are opening the door to both plaintiff and defendant expert representing the effects of mold. L2:37:39 MR. WOODS: I can tell you, your Honor, that I believe 12:37:49 6 that that will be the position. L2:37:54 7

THE COURT: Well, let's hear from them.

MR. GEIGER: Judge, this is Ernie Geiger. First of all, the issue of mold may be raised first by this plaintiff, Judge, but this is not or shouldn't have been a new issue to the plaintiffs. It may not have been in their fact sheet but we finished deposing Mr. Wright Friday a week ago and Mr. Wright clearly indicated that he knew about this issue, knew about it when he moved into the trailer, complained about it early on --

THE COURT: He knew about mold? You say this issue.

MR. GEIGER: Yes. And it never appeared in any fact sheet. I don't know if he's had a chance to read what we filed last night.

THE COURT: I haven't. And quite honestly, you know, following something in response to my e-mail really, you know, I don't know why we keep clogging up the record.

But go ahead.

MR. GEIGER: Because it became an issue with your e-mail.

THE COURT: In response to my e-mail but that's not a

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motion. Go ahead -- wait. I want to finish hearing what Mr. Geiger says.

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Are we going to argue about the effect of mold on this plaintiff, are the defendants going to argue that the plaintiff's injuries were caused not by formaldehyde but rather by mold, and, therefore, the plaintiff should recover zero, is that going to be the defense strategy?

MR. GEIGER: Judge, I will tell you that when I first learned of the mold issue I went to my experts and asked them the effect. Frank told me that my expert, one of the experts hired by the defendant said it had an effect in a deposition last week -- I mean this week. I didn't attend it but the response I got back late last night was, no, Dr. Cole didn't say that mold could cause asthma.

So the answer to your question is, Judge, since he just raised this, I've just raised it with my experts.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. GEIGER: I can't tell you. I certainly know now from taking a deposition he's been exposed to mold not only in this case in his trailer, but he's been exposed to mold in all of his employment history outside of the use -- outside of the time in the trailer because he is an HVAC maintenance engineer when he did that at City Hall, so his exposure to other things at other locations and whether or not they have an effect on his health going to be an issue, sure they are, Judge.

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I mean, he was exposed to other chemicals when he was a maintenance mechanic at CDC, he was exposed to other chemicals when he was a maintenance engineer at the Hyatt, he was exposed to mold at both of those locations. He changed filters at those locations, we found all of that out on Friday. So are those going to be issues relative to his health, well, of course they are.

THE COURT: But then won't the defendants agree then that if we're going to talk about the effect of mold on this plaintiff that plaintiffs should then be allowed to make a claim for the effect of mold that was caused, perhaps -- obviously they've got to meet their burden of proof -- but mold that was exposure that was caused by a defendant or defendants?

MR. KURTZ: The answer to that question is no.

THE COURT: Why not in light of what Mr. Geiger just said?

MR. KURTZ: First of all, Judge, I mean, we do not, we are not going to contend that mold in his trailer is a cause of whatever health effects that he is currently suffering. Now, Mr. Geiger listed a bunch of other locations and this person's work and experiences outside of work history outside of the trailer are relevant to this case. And if he is picking up health problems from other locations, then that's pretty relevant.

But mold within this trailer we don't think is relevant to this case. We don't think that he should be allowed to amend his pleadings to add something new at this late date. 01:04:48

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THE COURT: If mold, if any injury for this plaintiff is going to be attributed to his exposure to mold and not formaldehyde then all of his exposure to mold is going to be relevant. I don't see how you can say, well, it's only relevant if it caused it outside of my client's actions but it's not relevant if my client caused mold to be present where the plaintiff resided. You can't have it both ways.

I'm telling you I did not want to have a mold claim as part of one of these bellwether trials, I don't think that that is the way to go. But if we are going to litigate the effect of mold, we are going to litigate the effect of mold wherever it comes from and whoever caused it to be present.

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, I have no information right now from any of my experts that they are going to say that the exposure to mold caused any of his present health conditions, if that's where you think we are going with this.

THE COURT: I hear what you're saying, but I hear Mr. Kurtz saying something different, am I correct?

MR. KURTZ: If you heard that from me, I didn't say that very well. I am saying that his other work experiences, not necessarily mold, but whatever he is getting exposed to could be relevant. I don't think that mold has any part in this case whether it's from within the trailer or without it.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, there are two ways we can do this: One is that we not have a mold exposure claim in this case.

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That's entirely up to plaintiffs whether they want to continue on with Mr. Wright and litigate the formaldehyde exposure claim, there will be no expert opinion from any expert regardless of who calls them saying that mold in any way contributed or caused the injury that Mr. Wright complains about. That's one way to go. That would require the plaintiff, in essence, to abandon a claim for injury caused by mold if he has one.

I am not requiring him to do that and I am not going to rule that he can't bring that claim because it is time barred at this point based on the scheduling order.

The other way to do this, if Mr. Wright insists that he does have a claim based on mold exposure which was caused by one or more of the defendants in this case, is that we can pull him out of the bellwether rotation, maybe put him next summer, and we will try the combination formaldehyde/mold with expert opinions from both sides about mold exposure, but it won't be the December bellwether. We will substitute somebody else who has solely a formaldehyde claim in the bellwether spot for December, the Forest River bellwether spot.

So those are the two options that we have. But I am not going to hear anybody cite mold as the cause for his injuries if the plaintiffs can't do it, the defendants can't do it, so I don't want to have any expert testimony that talks about mold exposure as a contributing cause to his injury. So where does that leave us?

MR. D'AMICO: This is Frank D'Amico. I understand your

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position and I don't take issue with it. The only problem is we're not able to abandon the issue of mold based on the fact that it is a known confounding factor, and to satisfy the scientific method our experts have to, they must do a differential diagnosis. And, look, it may turn out that we do the speciation and mold testing that mold is not a factor in his case. But unless we test it to find out, we won't know that answer.

And if we tell our experts that, look, you can't follow the scientific method, you can't do a differential diagnosis, you are not allowed to rule out other confounding factors, they are going to look at me and say, Frank, I am not going to testify in your case.

encourage you all to continue to get expert opinions that are rendered in good faith after all necessary investigation. I am not in any way suggesting that you short shirt that process for the sake of meeting the requirements of a bellwether trial. What I am saying is that that can be another bellwether trial that incorporates mold exposure as a factor of the plaintiff's injuries. If that's what your expert tells you, then that's what the expert can testify to.

But I need a formaldehyde case in December and this apparently is not it.

MR. GEIGER: Judge, if you get rid of the Lyndon Wright case because the plaintiffs now want to substitute this assertion

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or this additional allegation of negligence, that leaves us four months to get prepared for trial. And, Judge, that's just not enough time, it's just not fair to the defendants. It took us three months just to get the workup ready for Wright and now with the plaintiff's expert reports due on Monday, granted you wouldn't do that, Judge, but under the present schedule, I would suggest to you, Judge, that we are all very busy and give us four months, and its starting new with this particular newly selected plaintiff and we don't even know the realm of people we can select from, we are not going to have enough time to get this case done in December.

THE COURT: I understand that. I understand that and, you know, I am not going to tell Mr. Wright that he can't bring a mold exposure claim if that's the claim that he's got. If I have to adjust the calendar, I will, only to the extent that we have to accommodate additional discovery time.

You know, I am surprised that this hasn't come up before when nobody said that he has not a formaldehyde claim but in addition to that he has a mold exposure claim. I don't understand how this could have come up so late. From what Mr. D'Amico is telling me, there are many people out there, a percentage of these people that do have a mold claim, so why is it coming up in July of 2009 and the MDL has been around now for some, at least here for some 20 months?

MR. WOODS: Your Honor, it's been coming up, I believe, in all of the individual bellwether plaintiff depositions. Mold I

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believe we all have identified or has been on the radar as a possible compounding factor. So it's been there. It's only in Mr. Wright's case where it is truly an evident problem that needs to be dealt with. And because Frank tells you there are approximately 13,000 individuals that will be asserting that same sort of claim, isn't it just possible for the court to continue with Mr. Wright's trial on the particular date chosen and that it will address Mr. Wright's trial, it will address individuals that have a formaldehyde/mold claim?

THE COURT: Well, but we have expert reports that are due and we have a whim that it wasn't formaldehyde alone that caused his injuries, that it was mold.

Where are you all on expert reports on mold?

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, the experts are not able to do the reports on this deadline, we're filing a motion for a continuance trying to get all sides to agree to it. But the only way the defendants would agree to a continuance of the existing deadlines is if we got a continuance of the trial. It's our belief we don't need a continuance of the trial and we can go with a two-week extension of the reports so that we can get a date from the government to actually go out and do the testing on the trailer. Once that's done, two weeks after the testing is complete we would have our expert reports.

THE COURT: Anybody want to comment on that?

MR. MILLER: This is Henry Miller from the government.

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Two things that I would say, that I think mold has always been in the background of this litigation; I mean, in a certain sense a lot of the occupants have indicated mold and that happened during the class cert deposition or the class cert representative deposition.

What is new here is that this is the first time the plaintiffs are alleging that a defendant is liable for the mold in the trailers. And that's the issue here. It's not that we haven't been aware and mold was potentially a confounding factor; if someone has asthma, mold can potentially be a confounder of that asthma. What Frank has done in this case is put it dead center and made it the claim at issue.

THE COURT: Right, for compensation.

MR. MILLER: That's the real issue.

As for testing protocol, I believe that Frank and I have worked out the test protocol now, we're just waiting to get the input from the other defendants; because the way with this destructive testing, Frank can't go do his protocol -- it's a three-step process, they have to do ambient air testing, and the defendant needs to air it out, and the defendant manufacturers have to do their jacking test or Shaw has to do their jacking test and then it's probably going to be a co- or joint taking apart or destruction of the unit.

So it's basically taking just a little bit longer than we had hoped to work out the protocol, but we have everything resolved. The little brouhaha that happened with the Fleetwood

thing involving FEMA wanting some additional protection in the protocol, Aaron and I worked with that and I think resolved that yesterday. But still subject to the other defendants approval and agreement.

MR. GEIGER: So that's where we're at, your Honor. And

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MR. GEIGER: So that's where we're at, your Honor. And as far as the update from Forest River, we believe that by the end of the day on Monday we should be in a position to give you the additional testing protocol from our side.

THE COURT: So this unit still needs to be tested?

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, we have been asking for a date to test, we circulated our protocol June 9th and we have been waiting for dates to do the testing and comments from everybody. We finally worked everything out with the government but we still have not received any comment from Forest River or Shaw.

MR. GEIGER: That's not true, you've gotten a lot of comments.

MR. D'AMICO: We've gotten comments but not suggestions.

MR. MILLER: That's not true --

THE COURT: Wait, wait. We can't have more people talking. We have a court reporter here and I have three people talking at one time.

MR. MILLER: We have had some input from the defendants, we just don't have their test protocol to insert into the protocol. Unlike the other protocols where you can have one protocol from the plaintiffs and one from the defendants where they would go one and

then the other, here you need one protocol because in the end the unit is being destroyed.

And so we're just waiting to get the defense protocol, but we have had input from the defense counsel, there are some objections that they've raised and we've been trying to deal with those.

THE COURT: Can we not on whatever time schedule we agree, if the testing, if the hay is not in the barn with regard to the testing, can we not test for mold while we're testing for formaldehyde?

MR. D'AMICO: We can, that's what we suggested in our protocol.

MR. GEIGER: You ruled that no multi-testing would be permitted on this case.

THE COURT: When I did not have a claim before me for damages relative to mold inhalation. All I had was an expert who was going out and doing mold, some reference in an expert report to mold testing. That's why I ruled that way because no one was asserting a claim for mold exposure.

MR. MILLER: Obviously the protocol at this point since the testing hasn't gone forward, it can be amended. I would suggest that I don't think, at least from the government's perspective, we have a mold expert on board.

THE COURT: So you have to get somebody else?

MR. MILLER: I don't know if we would, your Honor, one

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way or the other, I haven't looked into it. It hasn't been an 1 01:37:06 issue to date and it's what Frank's amended complaint brings up and)1:37:22 2 the way this court resolves this one way or the other we'll have to)1:37:32 3 11:37:40 4 get a report to look at. MR. GEIGER: That would be true for us. I don't know if)1:37:47 5 I need one, I just don't have one yet. I would have to go get one.)1:37:58 6 01:38:08 7 THE COURT: All right. And you've got a plaintiff deadline of July 22nd; is that right, Frank?)1:38:13 8 MR. D'AMICO: Yes.)1:40:20 9 THE COURT: And I've got an August 21st deadline for the)1:40:22 10 01:40:28 11 defendant's reports. 01:40:31 12 MR. GEIGER: Yes, your Honor. 01:40:33 13 MR. D'AMICO: Judge, another issue, and I think Henry 01:40:40 14 Miller has been raising it over and over again. The Fleetwood)1:40:48 15 experts are due today and those are the same people in Fleetwood as in Wright, in the Forest River/Wright trial. 01:41:00 16 01:41:06 17 MR. GEIGER: But, Judge, I understand that I've been 01:41:10 18 raising this issue for two weeks to get an identity of the experts 01:41:17 19 that were going to be called because the plaintiffs are asking for)1:41:27 20 an extension of their expert reports. I had understood they were going to be the same experts that were in the Gulf Stream case and)1:41:32 21 01:41:40 22 they said, oh, same experts in the Gulf Stream and Fleetwood case.

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I got a list yesterday and there are three new medical experts and one new warning expert that have now been identified.

Well, I haven't seen a Fleetwood report or Fleetwood experts --

I haven't seen a report from any of those people. So I would need time to scramble to get new injury causation experts and in some areas that we had not seen before.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. D'AMICO: All I can respond, Judge, is that the new experts he is talking about are just fact specific position, it's not like we're using new experts, we're using identically the same, same experts, just the short-ended version of the Fleetwood trial, not new experts. Each plaintiff is going to be fact specific positions. I mean, you can't have the same positions for every bellwether trial plaintiffs so those are going to change.

MR. GEIGER: I've gone through every bit of his medical records and three of those physicians never treated Mr. Wright until I think they were retained by the plaintiffs. They can correct me if I'm wrong, but these are retained experts by the plaintiffs, not his prior treating physician.

THE COURT: When are we going to get the plaintiff expert reports? They're due on the 22nd, so what's up with that? Are we getting plaintiff's expert reports on the 22nd, are we ready to give that?

MR. D'AMICO: I don't think we can. I think we can give the medical expert reports on the 29th but we need to do some testing because this whole issue of the confounding issue of mold needs to be addressed; and I tried to discuss that earlier and told him we can give a preliminary report, but it turns out the

speciation of mold that can aggravate asthma, those reports would have to be amended to reflect that information.

MR. GEIGER: I understand that as long as I have time to react to it.

THE COURT: Sorry, Henry.

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MR. MILLER: Judge, even if the plaintiff from the very beginning had been asking for damages that were mold related, we still would have opposed mold testing at this point in time because what is the point of hiring a bunch of mold experts to go out to a trailer that's been sitting out in a field in Louisiana through the winter, summer, all seasons for 18 months? God knows what kind of mold is growing in that thing. I mean, no useful data are going to come out of that expenditure of money on mold testing at this point in time.

Regardless of the court's ruling on whether or not mold can be added to Mr. Wright's claim, we would strongly object to proceeding with any actual mold testing.

THE COURT: Well, you might be right about that and that sounds like the subject of a <u>Daubert</u> motion. It may well be that a test at this point in time is pretty meaningless seems to me, and that's the subject of a <u>Daubert</u> motion and that will be the subject of the merits of it, not the admissibility.

MR. KURTZ: To a finer point on that, Judge, that mold testing is going to normally complicate what we have to achieve between now and trial. It's going to make it relatively, not

relatively, it's going to make it impossible for us to evaluate all of the different claims that are being made as they interact with one another, we're going to have to expend a lot of money between now and then on mold experts only to have a <u>Daubert</u> motion at the very end. I don't think it should be treated in an "in limine" motion fashion, I think it should be treated up front because we all know you can't go get useful data on a trailer that's been sitting out in a field for 18 months.

THE COURT: Does everybody agree with that?

MR. D'AMICO: I do not agree.

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THE COURT: I didn't think so. Go ahead, Henry.

MR. D'AMICO: It's the same people who are going to be dealing with mold. The toxicologist is going to talk about the exposure to formaldehyde and any confounding affect by any confounders. It's the same person, you couldn't go out and hire new experts. I am not going to go out and hire a mold expert, it's the same toxicologist. I don't know whether they're getting a new expert. We're trying to find out if the guy has an allergic reaction to mold or not. That's a skin test. He is either allergic or he isn't. If he's not allergic to mold, it's not a confounder; if he's allergic to mold, we need to know that so we can defend against their claim that mold exposure at work caused his asthma to be worse, not formaldehyde.

We are just trying to do a complete differential diagnosis to adequately flush out the details of this case and

we're trying to meet the scientific method. To do that we need to exclude possible confounders. I hope he is not allergic to mold that way when the defendants have, oh, his asthma is bad because he works around mold at work, we can say, no, it isn't because we tested him for mold and he is not allergic to it.

But that may not be the case. He may have an allergic reaction to mold, therefore, we need to know what speciation of mold may or may not have existed from the trailer that may or may not have contributed to his problems that are primarily, we allege, are caused from the exposure to the formaldehyde.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. MILLER: Two things, first, I think Frank is getting a little bit off the issue. On the differential diagnosis, nothing prevents his expert from doing that differential diagnosis.

The issue is whether the plaintiffs can allege -- whether the plaintiffs can allege a claim against Shaw essentially for the mold that's in the unit.

THE COURT: Right, I understand that.

MR. MILLER: The second issue is, this is -- we had a discussion, the parties, we exchanged e-mails as I framed the issue, I thought the issue is distinctly framed, is that if the plaintiff right now needed an extension on their expert witness reports, that's the first thing, they basically told us they can't get final expert reports even for their medical doctors as of the date because those medical doctors and the other people need to

have the test results.

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THE COURT: I understand that.

MR. MILLER: Anything that they get now is going to be preliminary. So if we would go depose them at this point, as Ernie points out, we're going to have to redepose if they issue a supplemental report, if they in any way change or modify their opinions.

The second issue we had was that basically if you start moving some of these deadlines back too far, a week or two more, there's not much flexibility in these schedules, we are dealing with very tight deadlines. You basically, the government's position -- and I won't speak for anyone else -- if it gets pushed back more than a week or two, the government believes you have to move the trial date.

And the third issue is if the court does not anticipate and is not going to move the trial date, something has to give.

And if it's not going to be the trial date, then basically you can't be injecting these new issues and plaintiffs have got to get their reports done pretty promptly.

And part of that is to the extent we've been trying to work with this destructive testing, we don't have a template in place so we've had to work through that. We've been working diligently to that, both plaintiffs and the United States, to get that template in order. But I think that the parties, although you had indicated that you were going to allow destructive testing, the

way the orders had come out this was a belief at least that the destructive testing wouldn't take place with any of these bellwether units. So no one has been working on getting the protocol finalized until we got our order on that.

And so since then we have been working very diligently to do that. That's the real crux of the issue. The issue here then when you deal with the mold, to the extent that Frank gets to amend his complaint -- and I agree with the court and I agree with Frank -- mold is, in fact, an issue and his client wants to claim it, then he should be allowed to do so, he doesn't become a bellwether claimant and he has claim.

I don't see how -- the court notes you add an issue at that late date --

We deal with mold cases in our office and it's a whole different bailiwick, that's different experts who come on board and address those issues. There is some crossover, but mold and formaldehyde are not the same thing. And so --

We're kind of stuck in a dilemma here with all of us trying to accomplish what the court wants to achieve, but I am not sure we can do that and satisfy the due process of Mr. Wright if he, in fact, wants to seek mold as a claim or cause of action against Shaw.

THE COURT: Frank, can you get your preliminary expert reports, all of them, to counsel by July 27th?

MR. D'AMICO: Can we have the 29th?

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THE COURT: Well, I mean every day counts. You can't do
it by the 27th? I asked you about the 27th.

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MR. D'AMICO: Those same experts are doing reports for Fleetwood today and we have to turn around and get these out and we need some information on Mr. Wright yet. If we can get the 29th I'll do it.

THE COURT: All right. And let me ask the defendants.

With those preliminary expert reports, I understand your point about wanting to get their final expert reports before you take depositions, how helpful will it be to get the preliminary reports?

MR. GEIGER: Better than nothing.

THE COURT: Well, I understand that.

MR. GEIGER: I don't know what the supplement is if it's the same? It's very difficult, Judge, to say how helpful they're going to be if I hear a whole lot here, Judge, to say how helpful they're going to be if I hear a whole lot more when I get a supplemental report.

THE COURT: When you go to get the full reports, assuming you get the preliminary on the 29th, when can we expect you to get the full reports? Assuming you get preliminary on the 29th, when can we expect you to get full reports?

MR. D'AMICO: I still don't have a test for the trailer, that's what hinges, they need to test speciation of the mold; and depending on what we find, it takes about a week to speciate that.

As soon as we get that we'll get the speciation in another week and

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           another week or two we can have a full report. It just depends
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           when Henry can give us a date to do the test.
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                     THE COURT: What are the dates we are talking about?
           Henry mentioned you all had been communicating, what are the dates?
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                     MR. D'AMICO: We don't have any dates yet.
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                     MR. MILLER: What we're talking about is we need to get
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           the issue put, the --
                      THE COURT: When can we get the protocol from the
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           defendants? Can we not get that within the next few days?
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                     MR. MILLER: I will defer to them.
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                     THE COURT: That's what I'm asking them.
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                     MR. GEIGER: Judge, I would normally say yes --
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                     THE COURT: Why do we not have it already, maybe that's a
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          better question?
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                     MR. KURTZ: We do not. We do not have it already, at
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           least on behalf of Shaw, I can't speak for Ernie, but, you know, we
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           were not thinking about what has to be done for mold, that was not
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           part --
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                      THE COURT: We're talking about putting mold aside, why
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           do we not have a protocol for testing, even not counting the mold,
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           what you did think was in the case, why do we not have a protocol?
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                     MR. GEIGER: Judge, you will have my protocol for air
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           sampling and my protocol for the HVAC testing by Monday at five
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           o'clock.
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                     THE COURT: All right.
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MR. GEIGER: And part of that delay, your Honor, is because there was a discussion about jacking -- not jacking, when are we going to jack, what are we going to jack, how are we going to do what when, so that's part of the answer.

THE COURT: I understand. Can we not get all of the defendants' protocol by Monday, close of business on Monday?

MR. MILLER: Your Honor, essentially talking about Ernie,
I need to figure out how long it will take the defendants to do
their testing. But what we roughly estimate is that all testing
should be done within three weeks after the commencement.

So the plaintiffs would commence by sending a person out to check the door -- inspect, close the unit up, they then do their ambient testing, open the doors later, that takes two days. After that the defendants have to compliment their protocol which basically air conditions the unit, does whatever they do. That takes about another 72 hours or three days to do the ambient air testing then.

After that the parties will doing the jacking test, all done, sign off on the ambient air, do the jacking, whatever they do with that. The jacking is done. At that point the parties will then tear the unit apart, tear it apart and throw the stuff into the dumpster, that will basically take two to three days, however much time.

THE COURT: That's all fine but the question is finding out when that's going to start.

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MR. MILLER: And we should be able to start it, if we get the protocol all lined up and finished, they should be checking for the plaintiffs to lock it up at the end of next week. You can start the three weeks starting hopefully at the end of the next week, that's what my hope would be.

MR. GEIGER: If you want to start on the 24th, that's fine with me. But the plaintiff's true air testing takes a week, three days lockup and two days testing. That's a week. My air testing takes a week just like the plaintiffs' does, so that's two weeks. Now I understand the manufactures HVAC testing takes at least a day, mine is going to take, I think my preliminary estimate is three days, so that's four days. So now you've got to jack it, do the destructive testing. I don't think you're going to jack it and do the destructive testing in a day.

So I really believe it's going to take a little closer to four weeks total than it is going to be three.

MR. MILLER: And that's fine, Judge. Aaron and I had discussed since we did not get input with Ernie when we came up with the three weeks, I would probably defer to Ernie better at what his testing will be when we start.

THE COURT: Let's do this: On the 29th, by the 29th plaintiffs are going to have to provide their preliminary expert reports and they're going to be complete in terms of who is going to be the expert and what they're going to opine about and any preliminary opinions they're going to have. Can we do that?

MR. D'AMICO: Yes.

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THE COURT: By Monday, the close of business on Monday, all parties, including all of the defendants, will have set forth their protocol for testing such that the testing can begin.

Anybody have a problem with that?

MR. KURTZ: My only problem with that is I can give my air testing protocol and certainly my HVAC testing protocol. It's a little difficult for me to give you my mold testing protocol, but I am sure I can work it in if I need to do it while we are doing this three-week testing.

THE COURT: Why don't we do that. Not to cut you off, but let me back that date up then. Why don't we give you plaintiffs until the 29th -- wait. Let me look at my calendar.

MR. GEIGER: Judge, I don't know that mold testing is as important to me as it is to other parties, but I would at least want more time than Monday to go hire somebody to find that out.

MR. KURTZ: Judge, this is David. If you could give us the flexibility to insert mold testing into the protocol that is developed on Monday at a later date, then we will be able to work with that. I don't see why our mold expert, whoever it is, and we don't have one yet, couldn't go out during some of the other testing that is outlined in this protocol. So I can't imagine it injecting further delay.

THE COURT: Now we're getting somewhere. Why don't we go ahead and stick with Monday for the protocol with the understanding

that if the plaintiffs in submitting their preliminary reports have issues relative to mold, which we think that based on the pleadings they will, you will have the opportunity to include mold testing, which you can add beyond Monday and there will not be an objection to you including that testing.

MR. GEIGER: That's agreed.

THE COURT: So let's stick with the 29th going to be the plaintiffs submit their preliminary reports. The protocol for all testing is going to be done, is going to be provided by the close of business Monday with that one exception, and that exception applies only to the defendants with regard to mold testing protocol.

We are not going to have anybody else on the plaintiffs' side go out and get another expert or an additional protocol, not going to happen.

MR. D'AMICO: We agree.

THE COURT: All right. Now, in terms of the plaintiffs final reports, assuming testing can begin in the last week of July or on August the 2nd I guess or 3rd, if we're talking about four weeks that petty much takes us through the month of August; is that not correct?

MR. D'AMICO: That's correct.

MR. GEIGER: Correct.

THE COURT: When can we get the plaintiffs' final reports after that final testing?

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MR. D'AMICO: I say we need two weeks after that, so)2:50:11 September 15th.)2:50:22 2 MR. GEIGER: You agreed earlier to September the 1st.)2:50:25 3 MR. D'AMICO: Well, but, Ernie, you just told the court 12:50:31 4 5 it would take four weeks.)2:50:37 THE COURT: That's for their testing, yours is going to)2:50:44 6 be finished. 7)2:50:50 MR. D'AMICO: Ours takes three weeks and do the)2:50:53 8 speciation of mold which takes another week, so we're still looking)2:50:59 9 at four weeks. So I would need two weeks to complete the reports,)2:51:07 10)2:51:14 11 we can do it by September 10th. 02:51:25 12 MR. KURTZ: Judge, the original proposal Mr. Geiger said)2:51:38 13 was for September 1st, injected into that because of no small part 12:51:53 14 that those deadlines do, it jams us on the fourth bellwether trial. 02:52:03 15 There are all kinds of overlapping deadlines. If we have expert reports being issued that late in this case, it's really going to)2:52:08 16 02:52:14 17 hamper our ability to handle the fourth bellwether.)2:52:26 18 THE COURT: I understand that. Why don't we say the 02:52:37 19 plaintiffs will have final completed expert reports, comprehensive)2:52:41 20 reports prepared and exchanged by September the 8th. Defendants 02:52:56 21 final completed expert reports will be due on October the 1st. 02:53:01 22 Does that help or hurt? 02:53:05 23 MR. GEIGER: If we start the testing on the, August --02:53:40 24 no, why are we going to start August 2nd?)2:53:45 25 MR. MILLER: We will start it as quickly as we can. The

August 2nd date will be the drop-dead late.

THE COURT: That's correct. I said August 2nd but I am hoping you can do it the week of the 27th of July.

MR. GEIGER: If you do -- it's the 27th of July, I can look at my calendar, it's one week, you'll be finished by the 21st of August with testing. If he does his mold testing first, I mean, why can't the original proposal by the plaintiffs was they would have their expert reports by September 1st and the defendants would have theirs by October 1st.

THE COURT: If we start the testing on July 27th, do we know definitive we can do that?

MR. MILLER: Your Honor, I would say yes, and the reason why that all plaintiffs need to do is send someone out to inspect the trailer to close the windows, to put witness tape because they seal the units up for 72 hours before they test it. If they get started on the Friday they can start Monday on the ambient air, the 22nd.

THE COURT: Let's start on the 27th if we all think that's doable, let's plan on the 27th. That would back everything up a week, which would be good, September 1st would be for the plaintiffs and we'll make September 24th, I guess, for the defendants. Or September 25th, which is a Friday. Can we do that?

MR. MILLER: Your Honor, the answer from the government is whatever you order we will do.

I will note given that this is on the record that the

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United States is going to object to any extension of these deadlines because I think it interferes with our ability to prepare for the various trials.

THE COURT: Right, I understand you guys are limited.

MR. MILLER: I just need to state that for the record.

THE COURT: I understand that and you guys don't have as many people and you're spread thin already. I understand that.

And if that becomes a problem, certainly logistic problem, go ahead and raise that with me and I'll see what I can do to accommodate you.

MR. MILLER: Let me point out, to put this into context, it's become a logistic problem, I missed for the first time in 22 years in practicing at the Department of Justice we missed a deposition because we didn't get it on the calendar. We are doing four to five depositions a day, we will have done 50 depositions this month for the Gulf Stream trial. I suspect we're going to be doing the same amount for each of the succeeding trials.

The amount of work that is being injected here is a nominal amount, at the same time being in the Gulf Stream trial for two weeks is going to take me out of the league and the ability to direct other persons who will be doing the follow-up trials or at least monitoring those. So it's putting us in a very, very difficult position.

But I will note my objection for the record and I'll insert those there, but we will obviously comply with whatever the

court orders.

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THE COURT: I know that you all are doing, all of you, in terms of time and the fact that this is, you know, a huge amount of work to be done so I am not insensitive to it. As the problems develop, let me know and we'll try to accommodate you so that we can get this done.

Can we go ahead and agree, for now at least, that September 1st is going to be the plaintiff's deadline for final comprehensive expert reports and opinions and September 25th is going to be for defendants?

MR. MILLER: Your Honor, over the government's objection.

MR. D'AMICO: The only thing I would ask is can we get to Friday, September 4th?

THE COURT: No, September 1st is good.

MR. D'AMICO: Okay. We'll live with it, Judge.

THE COURT: You're going to have to. Everybody, as Henry described, everybody is trying to meet deadlines and we can always add-on more time and be working on this for a long time but I don't see why. We've been at this quite awhile, I don't see why we can't get it done now on the plaintiff side. You've made an allegation about mold, I hope under Rule 12 you've got some basis to make that allegation. You should already have a lot of information on that. You're asking me to allow this amended complaint, I hope you've already done your homework to a large degree.

MR. D'AMICO: We have, Judge.

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THE COURT: Then you don't need the extra days.

MR. D'AMICO: I want to ask for a clarification on something, Judge. Obviously there's no reason to give preliminary reports on the experts who are doing the testing. Some of those are just medical testing who are going to be jacking HVAC stuff. I think the defendants would all agree that that would be pretty futile to give a preliminary report for somebody who is going to be doing the testing.

THE COURT: Anybody want to respond to that? What are your expectations?

What I would like to see and what I envision, and maybe I am misunderstanding, but what I am understanding is a report that describes the task is going to be for the expert, what he or she intends to do to accomplish that task and if we can render any type of an opinion or preliminary analysis based on whatever documents we have that they render that. Is that not what we understand the preliminary report to be and that the testing is going to elaborate on all of that and add opinions that are gleaned from test results?

MR. D'AMICO: I am a little confused because Al Millet, for instance, who is a general construction guy, he's been deposed already in Gulf Stream. He is going to be doing work for Fleetwood, he is also going to be doing work in this case. I think all the defendants really want to know is what did he find when he went out and did the jacking. I mean, we've all talked about the

That's my understanding.

MR. GEIGER:

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protocol ad nauseam which talks about what he anticipates doing. I think the final report is the final culmination of his protocol.

I mean, I am not trying to complicate things, Judge, if that's what you want I'll give a preliminary report that basically regurgitates the protocol.

THE COURT: Well, it's got to be more than the protocol. His task, if that's the case, then he's basically a fact witness that goes out and checks on things and makes measurements and recites what the results of that is, are going to be.

MR. D'AMICO: I see what you're saying.

THE COURT: What we need to know is if somebody is going to be an expert, we need to know: (A) who it is; (B) what are their qualifications, all of their qualifications, CV, what field are they being tendered in, what is their assigned task, what is it that they are going to opine on, and then if they can state what methodology or perhaps this is where your protocol comes in, how are they going to go about formulating such an opinion.

And if they have any preliminary opinions at this point based upon a review of documents, deposition transcripts, anything else they should provide that. Any opinions that they can render on a preliminary basis they should provide.

Then the report that is going to be issued on September

1st is going to be the "full blown" here is all that we did, here

is the finding that we've made, this is what we've discovered, this

is how we went about discovering it, the methodology involved, and

now finally, here are our opinions based upon all of that research and testing and methodology, here are the opinions we intend to render in court before a jury.

MR. D'AMICO: Okay.

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THE COURT: That's how I envision it. You all tell me if I am missing the boat, but that is how I am envisioning the process. The defendants in response to their preliminary opinions had been able to decide what experts they're going to need and what opinions they're going to need to elicit. We haven't set a deadline, I don't know that it's necessary, for preliminary reports from defendants' experts because they will largely be based on what the plaintiffs do.

What you will get by September 25th is a comprehensive report from the defendants' experts that contain all of the same similar type information that I've described for the September 1st report, then we can depose those people.

MR. MILLER: If I can interject here. What Frank can do to streamline this is Al Millet's, plaintiff's expert in Gulf Stream, he is being deposed right now as we speak. The plaintiffs can probably just take his expert report from the Gulf Stream case, which includes all of that information, and just note his specific opinions that he issued for the Gulf Stream case and then submit that.

THE COURT: Well, that would be efficient if we can do that. We are going to have some recurring characters.

MR. MILLER: And fourthly, considering ones which are the ones I believe Frank are talking about inspecting the units, unless he brings in people on board, that would seem a fairly efficient and effective way to do it.

I would also point out a second point, that as Mr. Kurtz identified, those units have been sitting at a FEMA storage lot and they're not being maintained. They are sitting there wasting away and deteriorating and their value is decreasing as they're sitting there. I believe from the depositions, and these parties haven't been participating in those, the government has, that plaintiff's only expert has indicated that current condition of these units is not indicative of the condition when they were being occupied.

THE COURT: That's understood and your experts are going to have to figure out a way to opine based upon some type of available information. That obviously is the first line of a cross-examination I can see, if an expert is going to base his or her testimony solely on what they saw in August of 2009.

MR. MILLER: Or that mold present there is even the same mold that was present when the trailer was occupied.

THE COURT: That's exactly right.

MR. MILLER: Frank should examine this very carefully because in a certain sense their experts are locked up with some opinions in the Gulf Stream case, which I think he is going to find is pretty inconsistent with what he is arguing now.

THE COURT: I agree with you just as the plaintiff would

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not be able to sustain his burden of proof by saying that in August of 2009, mold X was present without any proof whatsoever that it existed to any extent while the plaintiff lived in the trailer, and likewise, a defense expert report that says mold, this mold was present on August the 6th, 2009 and it did not contribute. You know, you're right, that's going to be a problem that the experts have to overcome.

MR. MILLER: Just wanted to point it out because I think we might be going up --

THE COURT: I agree with you it's clearly a problem in meeting a burden of proof when it's with regard to an affirmative defense or when it's the plaintiffs' case in chief. But that's what --

MR. MILLER: That's what they want to allege and that's their case.

THE COURT: We'll see what he does to try to meet that burden of proof. The question is can he allege it, and at this point in time if we have time to do the testing and if it's a representative sample of plaintiffs, then I am satisfied -- which I was not when we started this conference, I was not satisfied that this was representative of any portion of the bellwether -- of the entirety of the plaintiffs such that it belonged in a bellwether trial.

My second concern was if it did belong in a bellwether trial, we would not have time to incorporate any treatment of the

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issue because it had been raised so late. But since we have not tested this trailer but we're about to do that, seems like we can go ahead and get that done.

MR. D'AMICO: Judge, I think and we know there are problems with speciation, we know other mold culture grow out afterward, but we believe there would be trace evidence of some initial stages of mold growth. And we believe we can speciate by doing an adequate examination.

We know that there will be challenges from the defense and whether or not we've met our burden of proof and whether or not it meets scientific methodology, but that's an issue for another day.

THE COURT: All right. Assuming that the defendants decide that they would like to have a protocol for mold testing that will not be forthcoming on Monday, when would we think that we could get that? I am asking defense counsel, I would like to put a deadline on that. Can we get that July the 31st or August the 2nd?

MR. KURTZ: It's hard for me to commit to July 31st because we don't have a mold expert, I have to go find somebody and then work with a protocol. I will make a best effort to achieve July 31st. And if the court wants to put that in an order then, you know, we will do our best to accommodate it. But I can't commit to that date.

THE COURT: We are going to put August the 2nd and if you can get it earlier, that would be great. If you can't get it by

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           August the 2nd then you'll have to let us know why and how much
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           progress you've made on it. But we would like to have it, that
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           testing done during this few weeks in August heeding up to the
           plaintiffs' reports.
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                     MR. KURTZ: Yes, sir. We will perform the mold testing
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           in a way that will not disrupt the protocol that is circulated on
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           the next Monday.
                      THE COURT: Okay. All right. That's fine. We'll go
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           ahead and put August 2nd to get a mold testing protocol from the
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           defense if they choose to do that, they would go ahead and give us
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           a protocol by August the 2nd which is a date one week after the
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           plaintiff begins to complete their protocol on July the 27th.
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                     MR. D'AMICO: August the 2nd is a Sunday.
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                     THE COURT: I'm sorry, August 3rd, the following Monday,
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          the 3rd.
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                     MR. MILLER: We also need the plaintiffs' protocol for
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           the mold testing, your Honor, we don't have that.
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                     THE COURT: I thought we had that. Frank, when can you
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          get that?
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                     MR. D'AMICO: Haven't we provided that? Aaron?
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                     MR. AHLQUIST: No.
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                     MR. D'AMICO: I thought we provided the mold.
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                     THE COURT: I thought you had, too.
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                     MR. D'AMICO: It's in this, I think we already provided
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           it.
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THE COURT: Why don't we double check. If we haven't for some reason, let's get it over today to all involved.

MR. KURTZ: There were a couple of remarks that you made and I feel like I have to do something like Mr. Miller did on behalf earlier for the government and that is preserve an objection to the record for the introduction of mold into one of these bellwether cases. I don't think they're a considerable size of the fraction that have been filed that make mold complaints, I didn't read every one of them, but most of them that I've read do.

To my knowledge this is the only one specifically that makes a mold claim, and I heard what Frank said about CDC and 15,000 complaints, to my knowledge no one has filed mold suits within the MDL, so I feel we have to preserve an objection for the record into the introduction of mold into the MDL.

THE COURT: I understand that and as I told you at the outset --

I was also very interested as to how mold -- and you're right, mold has been in the background of this but it has never been offered as a claim for which damages were sought and for which injury was caused. It's never been alleged, that's why my prior rulings were, if an expert talks about mold in any of the bellwethers -- and that is still the rule, by the way, for all of the other bellwethers, it can only be referred to as evidence of moisture as it would affect the formaldehyde level in the units.

So to be clear, our conversation today pertains only to

1 Mr. Wright's claim in the December bellwether. Because I have not 08:31:11 seen mold -- you're right, I have not seen mold alleged as a 08:31:33 2 specific cause of injury for which a defendant could be held 08:31:42 3 responsible if the plaintiffs were successful in meeting that 08:31:46 4 burden. But I am going to allow it in this case given that we can)8:31:55 5 get the testing done and given that this may be, sounds like there 08:32:04 7 are other plaintiffs out there who might want to make a mold 08:32:14 allegation -- this is not a unique, it's not unique that mold has)8:32:18 8 come up in connection with this case, it is unique or I should say 08:32:24 9 that this is the first time we broached the issue of it being a 08:32:35 10 08:32:41 11 cause for some damages for which compensation is sought. 08:32:45 12 MR. MILLER: This is Henry Miller. I just want to make a 08:32:56 13

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MR. MILLER: This is Henry Miller. I just want to make a couple of points very clear from the government's perspective.

What in my opinion is happening when this MDL started the defendants in the case were the manufacturers and potentially the United States and the MDL court certified the formaldehyde issue.

None of the maintenance issues were at issue in the litigation.

But when you expand to mold, now any issue that relates to maintenance that could potentially be a confounding factor on these person's health is going to basically be injected into the trial because the IA/TAC contractor and the fellow contractor are responsible for maintenance. So once we added the IA/TAC contractor as defendants, we're now expanding this case so now this case is going to envision any and all types of injuries that could have been the result of faulty maintenance and that would not just

be mold but something else, for example, a gas leak.

THE COURT: No --

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MR. MILLER: And I understand the court's position, but that is essentially from my perspective when I see and hear what's happening that's the first issue. And the government objects to that expansion of the litigation in that sense.

Secondly, the government objects, for the record, that its decision of the mold at this late date given the December trial unduly prejudices the government and interferes with our ability to adequately prepare and defend the government's defenses in this case. I do understand if it's added that it's added, but I think all of the deadlines need to be moved back and I don't think it's reasonable to expect the parties, the defendants to come up with mold experts by August 2nd.

I mean, when you have a mold case, it is a separate action and you go out and find experts and you figure out what it is, we're literally being given essentially ten days while I have two other cases in front of it that I am preparing and have expert reports due on expert depositions going on. And I do not believe that that is fair and appropriate and so, therefore, I object not necessarily on adding the mold cases if the court wants to do that on that ground, I object on the MDL ground.

But if the court is going to allow the amendment, I think you have to change all of the deadlines in this case, including the trial deadline. And that's the objection I am making.

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With that said obviously we will do our best to comply with the court's orders.

THE COURT: File a motion with regard to any other deadlines that need to be changed, file a motion if you need to do that and I will certainly be willing to change over deadlines short of changing the trial date. If we get further down the road where this is going to be a problem and we can't meet the trial date, we will take that issue up at the appropriate time. I don't see right now that we need to continue the trial date.

But if there are other deadlines other than these expert deadlines, file a motion and we'll address those. I understand all of that.

Insofar as mold allegations are concerned, that will be the only bellwether where that is going to be a component. So plaintiffs, if any other bellwether -- I assume it's not going to be for any of the first two bellwether trials since those deadlines have already come and gone -- but if any of the bellwether plaintiffs that have been identified for the January and I think the one after that, the fifth bellwether are going to make a mold allegation, you need to replace them with somebody else. And I am telling you that now on July the 17th so that we don't have this happen again. This will be the only bellwether that relates to a mold allegation. Am I clear on that?

MR. GEIGER: Understood, your Honor.

THE COURT: Tell me soon like within the next day or two

if one of those other people is going to have a mold allegation, because if that's the case, we can now substitute a new bellwether plaintiff now and not have to worry about trying to patch things together to get expert reports relative to mold. So double check that.

And I have the same concern about expanding beyond formaldehyde, my responsibility was to try to handle in a multidistrict fashion complaints about formaldehyde exposure. The problem with not handling the mold at this point that in order to hopefully achieve a resolution of all of these cases I've got to be able to pick up that piece to the extent that it is not unique to this plaintiff alone but that it may be a common component to a larger group of plaintiffs.

MR. D'AMICO: And, Judge, I would say that that's the point if I felt that was an oddball case and it was one of a rarity I would not be proposing that we go forward with this case. I would say, look, we have an anomaly, let's kick him out. All of our statistical analysis and what CDC showed, just like you did in this selection process, one is going to be a mold case and that's what we found.

THE COURT: Frank, all I can tell you, cautionary word, if you do not have an expert who can help you with your burden of proof, I would expect you to abandon the claim with regard to mold exposure.

MR. D'AMICO: Absolutely. And the only reason I am

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           addressing, if you look at the attachment from FEMA about important
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           information about formaldehyde residents, they warn that other
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      2
           pollutants, mold and smoke --
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                     THE COURT: All of that is well and good, but you need
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           testimony to meet your burden of proof that this man --
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                     MR. D'AMICO: Judge --
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                     THE COURT: Frank, would you let me talk, please.
           this plaintiff suffered an injury as a result of not just any mold
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           but mold that was present in his unit while he lived in it and not
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           mold from any other source. So you better be prepared to meet that
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           burden. And if you can't, I would expect you to abandon the claim,
           sooner rather than later.
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                     MR. D'AMICO: Absolutely, Judge.
                     THE COURT: All right. What else, anything else?
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                     All right. Like I said, we have a transcript of this but
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           we will issue an order with the upshot of what we've accomplished
           here today. And I appreciate all of your hard work on this, I know
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           it's difficult and I know it's a daily thing that you all are
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           putting a lot of time in on it, but let's see if we can get it done
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           and try to avoid any other Johnny-come-lately issues that were not
           the subject of some allegation.
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                     All right. Thank you all.
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                     MR. MILLER: Thank you, your Honor.
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                     MR. GEIGER: Thank you, your Honor.
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                 (WHEREUPON, THE PROCEEDINGS WERE CONCLUDED.)
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Karen A. Ibos, CCR, Official Court Reporter, United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript, to the best of my ability and understanding, from the record of the proceedings in the above-entitled and numbered matter. Karen A. Ibos, CCR, RPR, CRR Official Court Reporter